## PRELIMINARY COMMUNICATION

## AN INTRAMOLECULAR ADDITION TO A BENZYNE\*: THE SYNTHESIS OF MONOSUBSTITUTED HEPTAFLUOROBIPHENYLENES

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As a continuation of our studies<sup>2</sup> on the thermal decomposition of polyfluoroaryllithium reagents we allowed 2,2'-dilithiooctafluorobiphenyl<sup>3</sup> to decompose at room temperature in the presence of furan and obtained two isomeric difuran benzyne adducts:



However, if the 2,2'-dilithiooctafluorobiphenyl is held at 0° for 30 minutes in the absence of a trapping reagent, the loss of one mole of lithium fluoride appears to be followed by an intramolecular addition of the intact half of the molecule to the benzyne to give 1-lithioheptafluorobiphenylene:



which can be converted, via either hydrolysis or bromination, to the pale yellow compounds 1-hydro- or 1-bromo-heptafluorobiphenylene:



\* Part XVIII of a series; for Part XVII see ref. 1.

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The reaction is a remarkably clean one in that if sufficient time is allowed for the total decomposition of 2,2'-dilithiooctafluorobiphenyl (e.g. about 30 minutes for 1.5 g quantities) the only impurities in the biphenylenes are polymeric species of much lower volatility. The biphenylenes (II) and (III) can thus be sublimed from the reaction mixtures in a state of high purity.

The proton NMR spectrum of (II) is centred at 6.53 ppm (cf. biphenylene<sup>4</sup>) whilst the <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum consists of the expected seven groups of lines. The mass spectrum of (II) shows (as the main points of interest) a parent ion at m/e = 278, an ion at m/e = 277, a doubly-charged parent ion at m/e = 139 and three metastable peaks corresponding to the loss of CF, CF<sub>2</sub> and CF<sub>3</sub> from the parent ion.

## REFERENCES

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J. Organometal. Chem., 12 (1968) P37-P38

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